

EXECUTIVE TRAINING ON NAVIGATION AND SURVIVORSHIP: FINDING YOUR PATIENT FOCUS

Program Development Workbook



Cancer Institute



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ASSESS

Activity 1: Defining Your Patient Population

1. Please indicate the % or # of your patient population that is:

Instructions: The goal of this activity is to help you describe the patient population for which you will be establishing a navigation and/or survivorship program. Think about your different stakeholders (e.g., patients, providers, administrators, board of directors, funders) and what information would be most important to share with them. If you do not know the answers to some of the questions, try to answer them to the best of your ability if they are important to your stakeholders. Your institution may have compiled some of this information, or you may need to look at available city or state data.

Race/Ethnicity:

American Indian and Alaska Native		Native Hawaiian & Other Pacific Islander
Asian		_White/Caucasian
Black or African American		Other
Hispanic/Latino		
Age:		
2. Please indicate the % or # of your patient popu	ulation that is:	
0 to 17 years		_ 50 to 64 years
18 to 34 years		_Over 65
35 to 49 years		
Gender:		
3. Please indicate the % or # of your patient popu	lation that is:	
Male Fe	male	Transgender
Socio-economic status (income, occupation, ed	ucation, wea	lth and environmental factors):
4. Please indicate the % or # of your patient popu	lation that is:	
Low SES		_ High SES
Middle SES		Unsure

т	
Insurance	:

5. Please indicate the % or # of your patient population with the following insurance:

Private insurance	Other
Medicaid	Uninsured
Medicare	

Disease Specification:

6. Please indicate the % or # of your patient population with the following cancer type within the last year:

Bladder Cancer	Lung Cancer
Blood Cancer	Melanoma
Breast Cancer	Pancreatic
Cervical Cancer	Pediatric Cancer
Colorectal Cancer	Prostate Cancer
Endometrial Cancer	Thyroid
Kidney (Renal Cell) Cancer	Other specific cancer type(s):

- 7. Please indicate the % or # of abnormal screening findings in the last year:
- 8. Please indicate the % or # of cases lost to follow-up that required medical treatment:_____
- 9. Please indicate the no-show rate for your patient population:

Health Barriers and Needs:

10. What are the barriers to quality cancer care for your primary patient population that make it difficult to access care or manage their health care needs? (Check all that apply)

Availability of health services	Fear/anxiety (mistrust of health system)
Communicating between care providers	Fragmented care
Cultural/Language	Gaps in financial/health Insurance coverage
Employment/School concerns	Lack of knowledge of late and long-term effects

Lack of long-term follow-up	Literacy barriers
Lack of PCP	Patient and caregiver education needs
Lack of support groups Lack of survivorship care plan	Physical (location of facility)/Transportation Transition from oncologist to PCP
11. What percentage of your patient population does not s	speak English?
12. What are the most common primary languages spoker	by your patient population?
1.	
 Where along the cancer continuum are the greatest new apply) 	eds of your patient population? (Check all that
Outreach/health promotion	Treatment
Screening	Post-treatment/survivorship
Diagnosis	End of Life
14. Is there additional information that would be helpful t	o gather, such as:
Obesity rates:	
Smoking Rates:	
Other:	
Other:	
Other:	

Activity 2: Determining Patient Flow

Instructions: The goal of this activity is to clarify how your patients move through your institution to identify where barriers may exist. Understanding these touch points and the flow can help you identify problems and propose solutions. You may also consider when patients are screened for distress or when/which resources are provided. Fill in what currently applies to your institution. Once you have determined the current patient flow and areas of improvement, you can repeat this activity to create the ideal patient flow.

How/where are patients screened? (e.g., community, onsite) What happens when there is an abnormal finding? How are patients notified? How do they get to your institution?	 What happens during the diagnosis meeting? What do patients do prior to and after the meeting? How are treatment decisions made? What do patients do when and after treatment options are discussed? What resources (physical resources, second opinions, etc.) are needed? 	What happens after treatment begins? Are psychosocial needs assessed and resources made available? How are medical, psychosocial and practical needs managed and by whom? Do patients seek external resources?	What happens when treatment ends? Is there a system for providing follow- up care? Is there communication with the primary care provider? Are resources available? How are medical, psychosocial, and practical needs managed and by whom?	What happens at end of life? What is the process for discussing options with patients, managing pain and symptoms, assessing spiritual needs, etc? Are patients referred to hospice? When?
Screening	Diagnosis	Treatment	Post-Treatment	End of Life
Screening	Diagnosis	Treatment	Post-Treatment	End of Life

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Activity 3: Conducting an Institutional Analysis

Instructions: The goal of this activity is to determine the circumstances of your institution so you can identify program development strategies that align with your institutional situation. A SWOT analysis identifies your institutional strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats to help set direction and chart the future course for your program. Strengths and weaknesses are often internal to the organization, and opportunities and threats are often external to the organization. Complete the activity below by filling in the boxes with your institution's strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats.

Strengths	Weakness
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.
5.	5.
Opportunities	Threats
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.
4. 5.	4. 5.

Activity 4: Internal Resource Mapping

<u>Instructions</u>: The goal of this activity is to help you think about *internal* resources that can be leveraged for your program. Internal resources can include people, services or physical items or other resources. Identify resources below using your knowledge and outside research. Feel free to add additional information or categories.

- □ Billing Specialist:
- \Box Clinical Staff:
- \Box Financial:
- □ Marketing Rep.:
- □ Patient Advocate:
- □ Physical Space:
- \Box Program Champion(s):
- \Box Scheduler:
- Other: _____ Department
 Budget

Physical/Space: Accessible, Clinic Space, Office Space

Financial: Reimbursement,

Grant,

Program Champion

> Administrative: Scheduler, Biller, Registrar

Internal Resources

Clinical Staff: Nurse, Social Worker, Oncologist, Dietitian, Psychologist

Other Services: Patient Advocate, Support Group, Rehabilitation

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Departmental:

Marketing, IT

Activity 4: External Resource Mapping

Instructions: The goal of this activity is to help you think about *external* resources that can be leveraged for your program. External resources can include people, services or physical items or other resources. Identify resources below using your knowledge and outside research. Feel free to add additional information or categories.

- □ Financial Resources:
- □ Individuals:
- \Box Local Orgs:
- □ National Orgs:
- □ Physical Resources:
- □ Other: _____



Activity 5: Assessing Stakeholder Needs

Instructions: This activity is made up of three parts focused on different stakeholders: patients/survivors/caregivers; providers and staff; and community organizations. This activity will help you plan your stakeholder needs assessments, and sample surveys are included in the *Guide* on pages 17-23.

Patient/ Survivor/ Caregiver Needs Assessment

The goal of this worksheet is to guide you through creating a patient/survivor/caregiver needs assessment.

1. What are the goals of the assessment? What information do you need to know?

2.	How will you conduct your patient/survivor/caregive	r needs assessment?
	Electronic survey	
	□ Hard copy survey	□ Other:
	□ Focus group(s)	
3.	What is the timeframe for your patient/survivor/carea	giver needs assessment?
4.	Who will be responsible for gathering data, analyzing a (IRB or other) to implement the assessment?	it and reporting on it? Do you need to get approval

- 5. Who is your target audience? In other words, whose needs are you assessing (particular demographics or cancer type)?
- 6. How will you reach your target audience? Are there other people or organizations that can help?
- 7. What questions will you ask in your patient/survivor/caregiver needs assessment? Make sure the questions you use match the goals you identified. Remember to keep these assessments short, avoid asking complex questions and only ask one question at a time.
- 8. Who will you share the results with and how (e.g., board of directors, CMO, marketing department, cancer committee)?

Provider Needs Assessment

The goal of this worksheet is to guide you through creating a health care provider/staff needs assessment.

1. What are the goals of the assessment? What information do you need to know?

How will you conduct your provider n	eeds assessment?
□ Electronic survey	
□ Hard copy survey	□ Other:
\Box Focus group(s)	
What is the timeframe for your provide	er needs assessment?
(IRB or other) to implement the assess	
(IRB or other) to implement the assess Who is the audience for your provider	ment? needs assessment? Whose needs are you assessing?
(IRB or other) to implement the assess	ment?
(IRB or other) to implement the assess Who is the audience for your provider MDs/ DOs	ment? needs assessment? Whose needs are you assessing?

Community Needs Assessment

The goal of this worksheet is to identify information from community groups and members that may be useful in designing your program. This assessment may be more informal than the other assessments and can help you establish relationships in the community to enhance your program.

1. What are the goals of the assessment? What information do you need to know? *(i.e., what services they offer, what they see is the greatest need, how they might partner with you)*

2.	How will you conduct your community group needs assessment?			
	Electronic survey			
	\Box Hard copy survey	□ Other:		
	\Box Focus group(s)			
3.	What is the timeframe for your community group needs assessment?			

- 4. Who will be responsible for gathering data, analyzing it and reporting on it? Do you need to get approval (IRB or other) to implement the assessment?
- 5. Who will be included in your community group needs assessment (see Activity 4)?
- 6. What questions will you ask in your community needs assessment?

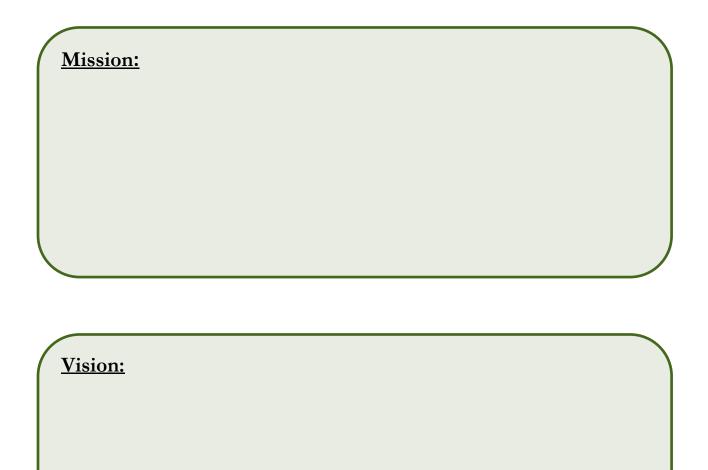
Based on your assessment goals listed in this activity, identify which questions can help you gather the necessary information. The questions could be: What services/resources do you offer? What is the greatest community need you see? Are there opportunities to partner to leverage resources? Have you already conducted an evaluation that you can share? What are other organizations doing?

7. Who will you share the results with and how (e.g., board of directors, CMO, marketing department, cancer committee)?

PLAN

Activity 6: Writing Your Mission and Vision Statements

Instructions: The goal of this worksheet is to provide you with an opportunity to construct your program's mission and vision statements. Your mission statement should broadly define your program's purpose and your vision should include guiding principles for your program. Both statements should be in alignment with your organization's priorities.



Activity 7: Developing SMART Program Goals

Instructions: Draft your own program goal(s). Jot down your ideas; then discuss them with your team to see if they are SMART. Revise as needed. Consider the following questions:

	Goal #1	Goal #2	Goal #3
Specific: What specifically do you want to achieve?			
Measurable: How are you going to measure it?			
Action-Oriented: What is it that you and your staff can do?			
Realistic: What is "do-able" given your circumstances?			
Time-Bound: When will your goal be achieved?			
State your final goal:			

Activity 8: Designing Your Survivorship Program

<u>Instructions</u>: The purpose of this worksheet is to guide you through designing your survivorship program. As you complete the prompts below, think about who will be your program stakeholders and what services you can feasibly provide to your patient population.

Who are your champions and how might they be helpful?

Who needs to be at the table for program planning?

Who in	your patient population will your program initially serve?
	Treatment type:
	Risk level:
	Treated by:
	Other:
	vill patients be eligible for the program?
	Immediately after treatment ends
	months after treatment ends
	years after treatment ends
	Depends on risk level
	Depends on patient population
	Other:

What services will be provided?

You may want to note which services are internal and which services are provided externally.

unuul	l Services		Δ <i>at</i> /Τ ¹ ···				
Endocrinology			□ Art Therapy	1			
	Fertility		Educational Work	shops			
	Genetic Counselin	<u>ن</u>	Exercise Program				
	Gynecology	2	□ Financial Assistance	ce			
_	 Gynecology Integrative Medicine Neurology 		Support Groups				
_			□ Transition Class				
 Nutrition Consultation 		\Box Transportation As	sistance				
			□ Vocational/Career	Counseling			
	Patient Navigation		□ Other:				
	Psychiatry		□ Other:				
	Rehabilitation		□ Other:				
	Other:						
	hich provider "mig Nurse	ht lead your program?" □ Nurse Practitioner	□ Family Physician				
	Oncologist	\Box Shared care	□ Other				
Where will the program be located? How will survivorship care be delivered?							
H	ow will survivorshij	o care be delivered?		_			
Γ	Where will the TS/S info come from?		te the Who will SCP?	deliver the			

Activity 8: Designing Your Patient Navigation Program

Instructions: The purpose of this worksheet is to guide you through designing your patient navigation program. As you complete the prompts below, think about who will be your program stakeholders and what services you can feasibly provide to your patient population.

Who are your champions and how might they be helpful?

Who needs to be at the table for program planning?

Who in	your patient population will your program initially serve? Cancer type:
When y	will patients be eligible for navigation services? Outreach/screening
	Diagnosis
	Initiation of treatment
	Depends on risk level
	Depends on patient population
	Other:

What services will be provided?

You may want to note which services are internal and which services are provided externally.

- □ Accompany patients to appointments
- \Box Address health literacy challenges
- □ Appointment scheduling
- \Box Assess family/caregiver needs
- \Box Care coordination (internal)
- Care coordination with referring physicians
- □ Clinical trial recruitment
- □ Conducting informational classes
- □ Coordinate clinic or multidisciplinary conference
- □ Distress screening
- □ Employment assistance & referral
- External/community resource referral

- □ Financial assessment and referral
- □ Genetic counseling referral
- \Box Improve timeliness of care
- \Box Insurance coverage assistance
- \Box Language assistance
- Logistical barrier assistance (e.g., housing, utilities, dependent care)
- □ Nutrition referral
- □ Patient education
- □ Psychosocial support
- Transportation assistance
- □ Treatment planning
- □ Vocational/career/career counseling
- □ Other: _____

What type(s) of navigator will your program utilize?

- \Box Community health worker
- □ Layperson
- □ Nurse navigator
- □ Peer
- \Box Social worker

Where will the navigator(s) be located? Who will be the direct supervisor?

How will navigation services be unique (not duplicative of services already offered)?

Activity 9: Creating a Logic Model

Instructions: Brainstorm collaboratively with your team and other stakeholders to generate content for each of the following logic model sections.

Resources/Inputs

What your organization has and/or what will need to be acquired

What resources will be needed to implement the project/ program? Include personnel, financial, etc.

- 1.

 2.

 3.

 4.

 5.

 6.

 7.

 8.

 9.
- 10.

Activities

The actual tasks and what the program needs to do to produce the outputs

What are the main functions that the project/ program will do or provide?

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

Outputs

The actual services or products your program will create and deliver

How many and what tangible results will be achieved as a result of the activities?

1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
8.			
9.			
10.			

Outcomes

.

The changes that your program will bring about

Short-term Outcomes

Typically changes in knowledge, skills and attitudes

What changes do you want to bring about as a direct result of the activities and outputs?

1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			

<u>Intermediate Outcomes</u> (optional) Typically changes in behavior, policies and practice

What changes and results will follow the initial outcomes?

1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			

<u>Long-term Outcomes</u> Typically changes in broader/ significant conditions or the consequences

What changes and results will follow the intermediate outcomes?

1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			

Optional

Problem Statement:

Assumptions:

Logic Model Template

Assumptions:

Goal(s):

INPUTS		OUTPUTS	SHORT-TERM OUTCOMES	MEDIUM- TERM OUTCOMES	LONG-TERM OUTCOMES
In order to accomplish our goals will need the following resources:	Accomplishing the following activities will result in the following measurable deliverables:	Accomplishing these activities will result in the following evidence of progress:	We expect the following measurable changes within the next:	We expect the following measurable changes within the next:	We expect the following impacts/trends within the next or more:

Activity 10: Identifying Stakeholders & Demonstrating Value

Instructions: During this activity think about who the stakeholders are relevant to your program. In the first part of the activity, list your program's relevant stakeholders. Then, match ways of demonstrating value to the stakeholders they would most appeal to using the bank provided. Again, the benefits you choose to measure should align with what key stakeholders value. An administrator may focus on financial benefits or indicators of financial benefits, such as reduced no-shows, but a funder might care about patients served or improved outcomes. Take a moment to think about and identify the key stakeholders in your program. What do they value?

	Potential Program Benefits	
• #, types of referrals from		Patient demographics
other patients & navigators	• # patients benefited	(e.g., uninsured, underserved)
	• Patients accepting navigation:	• # patients were educated and
Changes in stage at diagnosis	reasons why/why not	in what ways
• Identification of the main		
barriers/resolutions	• Increase in clinical trial accrual	• Improved patient satisfaction
	• Improved adherence to	
	treatment and	
• Patient testimonials	recommendations	• Better outcomes
	• Total program costs	
	(personnel, program and	
Quality Improvement	direct medical care)	

Stakeholder

Program Benefits they may value

Activity 11: Making a Budget

<u>Instructions</u>: To the best of your ability fill in the budget template below according to your program needs. If there are items that are not applicable indicate "n/a." Feel free to add additional items as needed.

Item: Indicate the time each staff member will devote to the program to calculate salary.

Amount: You do not need to fill in the exact amount at this time but can enter that information at a later time.

Funding Sources: Internal department budget, grant, in-kind, donation, reimbursement, etc.

Item	Amount	Funding Source
Personnel Costs		
Salaries and Benefits for Program		
Staff		
Survivorship Director (FTE)	\$	
Nurse Navigator (FTE)	\$	
Scheduler (FTE)	\$	
Medical Director (FTE)	\$	
Program Costs		
Print and Promotional Materials		
Print newsletters	\$	
Flyers to post at hospital	\$	
Marketing and Outreach	\$	
Press release	\$	
Health fair booth	\$	
Supplies	\$	
Patient informational binders	\$	
Travel		
Annual professional society	\$	
meeting presentation (hotel,		
airfare, ground transportation,		
meals)		
Local outreach (miles	\$	
reimbursement)		
Other		
Overhead cost annual cost (space,	\$	
utilities, etc)		
Technology and data management	\$	
Direct Medical Care		
	\$	
	\$	
Total	\$	

Activity 12: Developing an Evaluation Plan

Instructions: This worksheet serves as a template for your program's evaluation plan. Draft your evaluation plan using the chart below and discuss your ideas with your team.

Program Goals	Objectives	Evaluation Related Activities	Evaluation Questions	Evaluation Indicators	Data Sources	Data Collection	Data Analysis

Activity 13: Writing a Business Plan

<u>Instructions</u>: To the best of your ability begin to fill out sections of a business plan. Focus on one section at a time, and start where you are most comfortable.

Executive Summary

- Enthusiastic snapshot of your program, explaining who you are, what you do and why
- ✤ Less than 2 pages in length
- ✤ Written last

Description and Vision

- Mission statement (program purpose that addresses who, what and how)
- Vision statement (big picture)
- ✤ SMART goals and objectives
- Brief history of organization/program
- ✤ Key principals of organization/program

Definition of the Market

- Describe your industry (survivorship, navigation, cancer) and outlook
- Define critical needs of your perceived or existing patient population
- ✤ Identify your patient population
- Provide a general profile of your targeted patients
- Describe what share of the targeted patient population you currently have and/or anticipate

Description of Services

- Specifically describe all of your services
- Explain how your services are competitive
- ✤ If applicable, reference a picture or brochure of program and include in appendix

Organization and Management

- Provide a description of how your program is organized and an organization chart, if available
- Provide a brief bio description of key program managers and staff

Marketing Strategy

- ♦ Identify and describe your market who are your patients and what is the demand for your services?
- Describe your channels of distribution (web, mail, personal referral)
- Explain your marketing strategy, specific to pricing, promotion, products and place (4Ps)

Financial Management

- Budget (with start-up costs)
- Sustainability plan funding sources, long-term planning
- Return on Investment cost savings, increased revenue to institution

Appendices

- ✤ Brochures, flyers
- ✤ Resumes of personnel
- Equipment/space
- Organization Chart
- Staff descriptions

IMPLEMENT

Activity 14: My Next Action Steps

Instructions: Now that you have gone through the Executive Training, think about some small incremental steps that you can take within 3 months of returning to your institution and list them below.

Name:

Organization:

Program Type:

1. My first action step will be...

2. Once, I've completed my first step, I will then...

3. A third action step I will complete is...

APPENDIX

List of Abbreviations

ACS: American Cancer Society APRN: Advance Practice Registered Nurse ASCO: American Society of Clinical Oncology BrCa: Breast Cancer CDC: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention **CE:** Continuing Education CEU: Continuing Education Units CLL: Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia CML: Chronic Myelogenous Leukemia CMO: Chief Medical Officer CoC: Commission on Cancer CRC: Colorectal Cancer DO: Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine FT: Full-time FTE: Full-time equivalent IOM: Institute of Medicine IRB: Institutional Review Board IT: Information Technology MD: Medical Doctor NCCN: National Comprehensive Cancer Network NCI: National Cancer Institute NICCQ: National Initiative on Cancer Care Quality NP: Nurse Practitioner NQF: National Quality Forum

ONS: Oncology Nursing Society
PA: Physician Assistant
PCP: Primary Care Provider
PDSA/PDCA: Plan-Do-Study-Act/ Plan-Do-Check-Act
PN: Patient Navigator
PRO: Patient-Reported Outcome
QATOOL: Quality Assessment Tool
QOPI: Quality Oncology Practice Initiative (American Society of Clinical Oncology)
RN: Registered Nurse
ROI: Return on Investment
SCP: Survivorship Care Plan
SES: Socioeconomic status
SMART goals: Specific Measurable Action-Oriented, Realistic, Time-Bound
SW: Social Worker
SWOT: Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats

TS: Treatment Summary